

PENGARUH DANA PIHAK KETIGA (DPK) DAN CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (CAR) TERHADAP RETURN ON ASSETS (ROA) PADA PT. BANK NEGARA INDONESIA (PERSERO),Tbk.

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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini dilakukan bertujuan untuk mengetahui perkembangan Dana Pihak Ketiga, *Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR)* dan *Return On Assets (ROA)* serta untuk mengetahui pengaruh Pihak Ketiga dan *Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR)* terhadap *Return On Assets (ROA)* pada PT. Bank Negara Indonesia (persero),Tbk.

Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah deskriptif dan verifikatif. Data yang digunakan yaitu data sekunder dengan teknik pengumpulan data studi kepustakaan dan studi dokumentasi yang diperoleh dari situs www.bni.co.id. Instrumen statistik yang digunakan adalah uji normalitas, uji multikolinieritas, uji heteroskedastisitas, uji autokolerasi, regresi linier berganda, koefisien kolerasi, koefisien determinasi, uji t dan uji F.

Hasil perhitungan analisa regresi linier berganda menunjukkan hasil persamaan $Y = -108,929 + 7,612X_1 + 0,140X_2$, hasil analisis koefisien kolerasi adalah sebesar 0,992 yang berarti bahwa kedua variabel memiliki hubungan sangat kuat. Koefisien determinasi sebesar 98,3% berarti perubahan tingkat Dana Pihak Ketiga, *Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR)* dipengaruhi oleh *Return On Assets (ROA)* sebesar 98,3%, sisanya sebesar 1,7% adalah pengaruh lain yang tidak diteliti oleh penulis. Analisa pengujian hipotesis menunjukkan bahwa Dana Pihak Ketiga dan *Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR)* berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap *Return On Assets (ROA)*.

Kata Kunci: *Dana Pihak Ketiga (DPK)*, *Return On Assets (ROA)*, *Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR)*.

**INFLUENCE OF THIRD PARTY FUNDS AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY
RATIO (CAR) EFFECT ON RETURN ON ASSETS (ROA) TO PT. BANK NEGARA
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ABSTRACT

This study aimed to find out the development of the Third Party Funds, Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) and Return On Assets (ROA) and to investigate the influence of the Third Party and the Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) on Return On Assets (ROA) at PT. Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero), Tbk.

The method used is descriptive and verification. The data used is secondary data with data collection library study and documentation study are obtained from the site www.bni.co.id. Statistical instruments used were normality test, multicollinearity, heteroscedasticity test, test autokorelasi, multiple linear regression, correlation coefficient, determination coefficient, t test and F test.

Calculation results of multiple linear regression analysis showed the results of the equation $Y = -108.929 + 7,612X_1 + 0,140X_2$, the results of the analysis of correlation coefficient is equal to 0.992, which means that both variables have a very strong relationship. The coefficient of determination of 98.3% mean change in the level of Third Party Funds, Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) was influenced by Return On Assets (ROA) of 98.3%, the remaining 1.7% were other influences that are not examined by the author. Analysis of hypothesis testing showed that the Third Party Funds and Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) positive and significant impact on Return On Assets (ROA).

Keywords: *Third Party Fund, Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR), Return On Assets (ROA)*