

## **ABSTRAK**

PT. Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero) mengalami kerugian yang disebabkan oleh manajemen risiko yang kurang baik, hal ini terjadi karena kurangnya pemahaman mengenai risiko yang akan dihadapoleh auditor internal. Dan penelitian ini dilakukan untuk mengetahui seberapa besar dan bagaimana pengaruh auditor internal terhadap efektivitas *enterprise risk management*.

Metode penelitian ini menggunakan metode deskriptif analitis. Dengan pengumpulan data melalui studi lapangan berupa kuesioner dan studi kepustakaan. Pengolahan data dilakukan dengan menggunakan korelasi *product moment pearson*, regresi linier sederhana, koefisien determinasi dan uji hipotesis dengan uji t serta menggunakan bantuan dari SPSS 21.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa terdapat hubungan yang positif antara auditor internal dalam efektivitas pengelolaan *enterprise risk management*. Hasil pengujian hipotesis menunjukkan bahwa  $H_0$  ditolak karena  $t_{hitung}$  lebih besar dari  $t_{tabel}$  yang berarti auditor internal memiliki pengaruh terhadap efektivitas pengelolaan *enterprise risk management*. Diketahui bahwa peran auditor internal sebesar 23%, sisanya dipengaruhi oleh faktor lain, meskipun begitu auditor internal merupakan peran kunci di dalam proses efektivitas pengelolaan *enterprise risk management*.

Kata Kunci : Auditor Internal, *Enterprise Risk Management*

## **ABSTRACT**

*PT. Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero) sustain disadvantage because of risk management which held unwell, its happen because lack of comprehension which will faced by internal auditors. The research is done for knowing how much and how the internal auditors's influence to the enterprise risk management's effectiveness.*

*The methode of research uses the descriptive analytical method. The data collection through by field study include questionnaire and literature study. The data processing done with using correlation of product moment pearson, simple linear regression, coefficient of determination, and hypothesis testing with t-test, both of using SPSS 21.*

*The result of research showing that have correlation which the positive between internal auditors into processing effective enterprise risk management. The result of hypothesis testing indicate that  $H_0$  rejected because  $t_{count}$  more than  $t_{tabel}$  which means internal auditorshas influence to enterprise risk management's effectiveness. Known that the role of internal auditors 23%, and the rest influent by the others factor, although the internal auditors are the main role in processing effective enterprise risk management.*

*Key Word : The internal auditors , Enterprise Risk Management*